

SIXTH YEAR. VOL. XI. NO. 170.

LOS ANGELES, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1887.

PRICE: Single Copy \$1.
By the Week \$1.

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Amusements.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT
BY...
MEINE BROTHERS

—CELEBRATED MILITARY BAND—
AT...

WASHINGTON GARDENS!
WASHINGTON GARDENS!

Thursday June 2.
Sunday June 5.
(From 2 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.)

—PROGRAMME—
Part I. Musical Exchange
L. Frankenstein.

2. Selection Donizetti.

3. Overture Light Cavalry

4. Waltz Sposa.

5. Waltz Waldeins.

6. Overture Crown of Victory

6. Cornet solo W. H. Brown.

7. Selection Faust

8. Waltz Gounod.

9. Bruder Garde's Picnic.

10. Musical Mélange Little Rosebuds

Bettger.

11. Quadrille Ladies' Favorite

A. Schlesinger.

12. Galop George Wiegand.

And his Newly-organized Company.

Monday May 30th.

—LEWIS—

Week Commencing

Monday May 30th.

—LEWIS—

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
H. C. WYATT, Manager

Every THURSDAY afternoon.

Every SUNDAY afternoon.

—BY—
MEINE'S MILITARY BAND.

Forty breeding OSTRICHES always on view.

Admission Twenty-five and Ten Cents.

Take the Main-street cars.

CASWTON & FOX, Prop'r.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
H. C. WYATT, Manager

—A week of...
FUN AND LAUGHTER!
Beginning...

Monday June 6th.

The representative Irish-American actor,

DAN'L SULLY! DAN'L SULLY!

In two famous funny plays.

Monday, Wednesday, Friday, Saturday matinees, the beautiful domestic play,

DADDY NOLAN.

Showing incidentally a correct model of the great Brooklyn Bridge.

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, the funniest of all plays,

CORNER GROCERY,

As played more than 250 times in New York City.

80¢ Seats now on sale.

THE PAVILION.

Cornel Fifth and Olive streets.

UNDERGRADUATES OF
(HANNA)

—LOS ANGELES COLLEGE—

Friday Evening June 3d.

SELECTIONS FROM "ERMINE,"
GYMNASTIC DRILL.

ANVIL CHORUS, ETC.

Admission 25 Cents

Reserved Seats 50 Cents

FREE EXHIBITION
OF PAINTINGS,

Oil and water color, crayon drawings, etc., at the

Los Angeles School of Design, Second and Hill streets, corner Spring and Third streets. Pictures by the artists C. Dalton Bond and L. E. Dalton from London, England, and have been exhibited in all the principal cities of Europe.

Open from 9 to 1 and 2 to 4 daily, except Mondays.

See advertisement, page 4. Admission free.

BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG

CYCLOPORA!

Open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., and from 7:30 to 10 o'clock every evening. Take the South Main-street cars to the immense Pavilion especially erected to exhibit this decisive battle of the late Civil War. Take your opera glasses.

Talber

DO NOT FAIL TO PASS A PLEASANT

Evening inspecting the fine and beautiful assortment of Los Angeles, Pasadena and other views, at Talber's branch view department, in Nadeau House, adjoining parlor.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROSECRAINS—LOTS \$50; \$20 DOWN,

\$5 per month, without interest.

TO LET—BOARD, SUITE OF

rooms, with or without board, and with or without two gentlemen. Apply at 125 S. Hill st.

TO LET—ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN

suite, with or without board, at 228 S. Hill st.

TO LET—100 DOWNEY AVE., FURNISHED rooms with board.

Safe Deposit Box.

FOR RENT—AT FROM \$5 TO \$100 PER MONTH, small houses in absolutely fire and burglar-proof sheathed steel vaults; inspection included. Children safe deposit boxes.

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ALASKAN HISTORY.

SOMETHING ABOUT "THE WESTERN UNION RUSSIAN EXTENSION."

The Days When Trans-Oceanic Telegraphy Was Not an Experiment—Some Inside History About the Purchase of Alaska.

Special Correspondence.]

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 18.
An investigation of the rumor widely float in the newspapers that Alaska, for which the United States government paid \$7,300,000 in 1867, might have been bought by Hiram Sibley, president of the "Western Union Russian Extension," for \$70,000, in 1866, brings to light an interesting chapter in the history of Alaska and of the magnetic telegraph.

The early summer of 1866 saw the two great enterprises of telegraphy—the Atlantic cable—a race, and the overland telegraph running a race, for the earth's magnetic girdle. The Atlantic Cable company, after four disastrous efforts, had lost of two cables and millions of dollars to say nothing of public confidence in the submarine." was stowing away in the cavernous hold of the Great Eastern the gigantic coils of another venture. Atlantic stock could be bought for a song—and the song of the seller was joy at getting rid of it at all. Russian stock was booming and in demand at from 30 to 60 per cent. above par. The world believed in the grand international Western Union extension, by which the telegraphic systems of Russia and the United States were to be united via Behring straits at the mouth of the Amoor, the Pacific port of Siberia.

Overtures for the purchase of the rights of the Russian-American Fur company in the interest of the Russian owner, or Collins line, as it was commonly called, had been made to that venerable monopoly and autocracy of Alaska by Mr. Collins, the originator of the line, and by our minister at the Court of St. Petersburg, Hon. Cassius M. Clay.

The consent of the Russian government would be to be obtained before a transfer of the rights of the Russian-American Fur company could be made, and something more than the word and bond of a private citizen like Mr. Collins would be required. This was the position of the Western Union had adopted the project, reached the point where capital, pluck and executive ability were demanded. Collins naturally turned to Hiram Sibley, the native power in the federation of the Western Union and the building of the Pacific telegraph. Mr. Sibley gave his hearty endorsement to the scheme, and the contract between the Western Union and Collins was signed in Rochester, N. Y., May 9, 1864.

The China branch line was to be one of the many important evolutions of the "Russian Overland," the one making the acquisition of the rights of the Russian-American Fur company desirable if not imperative. To negotiate for these rights, and to secure in the contract to be signed between the Russian government and the Western Union a correct interpretation of certain clauses, Sibley and Collins went to St. Petersburg in the winter of 1864-1865. Mr. Sibley carried with him an important paper, a statement of the financial condition of the Western Union company and its relation to the Russian Extension, signed by the president and secretary of the Western Union Russian Extension, with a certificate of indorsement signed by the governor of the state of New York, to which were appended letters confirmatory from the leading bankers of the city of New York, vouching for the undoubted responsibility and liability, not only of the Western Union Russian Extension, but of its president individually—the bearer of the letter. Upon this paper Mr. Sibley obtained in London a letter of credit for \$70,000, with which and his credentials he was amply prepared for any emergency.

He was seeking the accomplishment of two objects. First, a surface contract between the Russian telegraph department and the Western Union. Second, a perpetual lease for the route of the telegraph through the territory of the Russian-American company.

He gained all he sought in the contract. The other matter seemed far easier of solution, for the rights of the Russian Fur company were in the market. The financial troubles of the great monopoly were no secret. There were complications between the Russian Fur company and the Hudson Bay company. It looked as if the former might sell out to the latter, and so place England virtually in possession of Alaska, a state of things Russia did not like to contemplate; and yet Russia did not want to assume the protection of trade and commerce in Alaska, as she must if the affairs of the Russian Fur company were left with the government. The Alaska problem was left to the government. That the greatest telegraph project would finally solve that problem was believed in financial circles by those who had no certain knowledge that overtures tending to such a solution had been made by either party.

"Hiram Sibley," writes Cassius M. Clay, our minister to the court of St. Petersburg at the time, "was the first to talk of buying a part of Alaska for the placing and management of the telegraph line and plant. Under his instructions I was sounding the Russian government. The Western Union-Russian extension was first in suggesting to the Russian government the sale of the province of Alaska, and I pressed upon Mr. Sibley the necessity of the land for telegraph purposes in particular."

When Mr. Sibley was approached upon the subject of buying up the rights of the Russian-American company he quietly set about ascertaining the exact condition of the company's financial affairs, and the result of a thorough investigation was to convince him that the concern was verging on bankruptcy; that the "catastrophe" was declining, and that its days were within easy reach of the Western Union.

"By paying \$750,000 for the rights of the Russian-American company," asked Prince Chakoff of Mr. Sibley, "what for that you can get the fees simple to the tract?"

The contemplated track was a strip extending from the coast inland from 150 to 300 miles of the Alaska peninsula.

* * *

In 1866, the Atlantic cable proved a success in the worldwide enthusiasm over the telegraph, the Russian Overland was forgotten by the public. The first message "by wire" was the death blow of the "Overland," which was abandoned at once, although many of the telegraph stations of the expedition did not hear of the rival enterprise for more than a year; for it had been working satisfactorily ever since they had gone on digging holes in the frozen ground of the Arctic regions, dragging poles on reindeer and suffering untold hardships, before the world was watching the progress of their labor with impatience, little knowing that they were storing up firewood for the poor Esquimos.

JANE MARSH PARKER.

Hotel Arrivals.

At the St. Elmo: Mrs. J. S. Hutchinson, Sacramento; H. R. Simpkins, Sacramento; J. S. Mills and J. W. Hughes, Lodi; Mrs. A. Welsh, Fresno; Miss Brown, Iowa; N. P. Briley, Cedar Rapids; J. Miller, J. P. McCarthy, San Francisco; E. Moriarity and Co., Ottumwa, Iowa; C. L. Lemoine and Co., San Fernando; F. B. Libbey, San Jose; N. B. Smith, wife and child, Beale, Minn.; Beale, Ventura; Capt. D. San Pedro; J. Breden, San Bernardino; J. W. Johnson, San Luis Obispo; E. B. M. Macdonald, San Bernardino; T. J. Smith, Morro Bay; E. A. Ponson, Vernon, Pasadena; J. P. Kennedy.

Special Correspondence.]

Yours: F. Esquivel and wife, Fresno; G. O. Ryan, wife and two children, Beaumont; P. Williams, New Orleans; A. Harold, San Diego.

MARY ANDERSON FRIGHTENED.

An Alleged Ghost Story, in Which the Fair Actress Figures.

A London Letter to the "Brooklyn Eagle." It is a regular old-fashioned and bona fide ghost story and has the interest of having occurred at Knebworth Castle, the home of the Earl of Knebworth—Owen Meredith. The Countess' boudoir contained a great many to the beauty and entirely proper young Kentuckians and had her down to visit her in the country at her grand and historic residence. The night before the visit came to a conclusion there was some talk in the Countess' boudoir of the ghostly legends connected with the historic houses of England. The Earl of Knebworth inherits a good deal of his father's taste for the supernatural and is very learned in spookology. After retelling thrilling and hair-raising tales of many of the old places he had visited, he confessed to Miss Anderson that in Knebworth also there was a haunted chamber that had never been occupied at night for half a hundred years. Miss Anderson was too wise to let her one and only chance for meeting a real and aristocratic family "haunt" escape her, and begged to be allowed to sleep for the last night in that long unoccupied room. The Earl of Knebworth tried to persuade her out of it, but she persisted, and finally, on the condition that her maid should sleep upon a lounge in the room with her, they yielded. The serving woman was not told the reason, for the change of apartments, other than Miss Anderson had taken a fancy to sleep there.

Very late in the night, but at what hour she could not definitely say, Miss Anderson was awakened suddenly by a feeling of oppression and struggling to sit up, felt upon her chest what seemed to be the weight of a thousand pounds, so helpless was she to move or cry out. Finally she managed to gasp out the name of her maid, and from the lounge, where she slept, heard a long-drawn-out, mournful crying. A few moments later the maid rushed out beside her, a pane of fear, explaining that Miss Anderson's cry had awakened her, but when she endeavored to answer a heavy weight was laid upon her that made it impossible to articulate or move. The two women sat up in their dressing-gowns shivering with fear until daylight aroused the household, and then no trace of any disturbance could be found in the room. Her host confessed that the tradition of the experience of those who had last slept in the room had been exactly similar, and Miss Anderson, despite her hospitality and kindness, was glad to get away from a place where she had suffered such a nervous shock.

200,000 Feet
Of thoroughly seasoned finishing lumber comprising ceiling, rustic, wainscoting and casing stock, is now being unloaded at various locations. This lumber all first-class and very dry.

SCHELLETT, GANAH LUMBER CO.
EAST LOS ANGELES LUMBER YARD,
WASHINGTON-STREET LUMBER YARD.

For Sale!

GAFFEY & MEREDITH.

100 MAIN STREET.

No. 24, block 4, City Center tract.
No. 25, block 15, Los Angeles Improvement tract; corner lot.
Each 1/2 lots on Montana ave., Montana tract.

\$ 4,500.—A splendid 10-room house, with bath, on corner; 15 minutes from post office, on street-car line.

10,000.—The grand "Rice Place," in High Park.

20,000.—11/4 acres on Washington st., cor. San Pedro.

20,000.—1/2 foot, lot on Seventh, near Main.

25,000.—A handsome two-story, broom house, half block from street cars; finely improved; large lawn, nice shrubbery; corner lot.

3,500.—A good 6-room, hard finished house, with modern improvements; corner lot.

3,200.—Lots 8 and 16, block 5, Fairmount tract; with small house and outbuildings; excellent sites; lots set out in front.

25,000.—A splendid business property, including a good rent.

2,500.—A room, good bath, etc., etc.

20,000.—Each foot, lot on Orange ave., fine surroundings.

10,000.—Lot corner Hill and Carr st., fine surroundings.

20,000.—House 10 rooms, lot 120x150 cor. Main and Lauglist.

House 10 rooms, California st., bet. Main and Hill.

20,000.—Each foot, lot, corner, 100 ft. front.

25,000.—A room, fine piece of property.

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20,000.—Each

MORMON LEADERS.

ROSSI ABOUT THE LEADERS OF UTAH'S MODERN SAINTS.

An Underground Railroad Which Apparently Leads to Oblivion—Something About the Descendants of Two Noted Graybearded Apostles.

[Special Correspondence.]

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, May 16. Two interesting characters in the political religious history of Utah are John Taylor, prominent and nominal leader of the Mormon church, and George Q. Cannon, nominal counselor and actual leader of the plural wives saints.

John Taylor is a childlike looking man over 70 years of age, with snow white hair and chin whiskers, hollow, gray eyes and a feeble expression. He is, in every sense, a child of luck. There is nothing in his character which could ever have brought him to his present high position among his people, but a series of lucky circumstances have placed him in positions where he was forced upward from time to time. He was with "The Prophet" Joseph Smith in the jail at Carthage, Mo., when the latter was mobbed and killed, and a wound received in trying to defend his leader was his only passport to the ranks of the Twelve Apostles, the body associated with the president in ruling the church. When Brigham Young died Taylor happened to be the oldest, and, consequently, the "first" of the apostles, and for this reason he succeeded to the head place. Had Brigham died a few years earlier Taylor would not have been his successor.

George Q. Cannon, who gained considerable notoriety during his term as territorial delegate to congress, is a man of entirely different character. With a good education, keen perception, and a capacity for stubborn resistance, he is enabled to keep the Mormons in complete surveillance, and to sway 50,000 people with perfect ease. A strong will, coupled with a stronger religious fanaticism and a scheming selfishness, make this man a tyrant among tyrants.

When, in 1883, congress passed its first strenuous measure against polygamy it was thought that Taylor would receive a "revelation" abolishing it, and had he been left alone there is little doubt that he would.

In favor of the Mormons, including some prominent men, favored this plan, but Cannon was too much for them. He had three wives and he did not propose to give them up, and, taking the feeble Taylor under his wing, he has ruled the church ever since. With the enforcement of the law a man—

GEORGE Q. CANNON.

tioned, began the "underground" system, one of the most interesting features of the movement of to-day. The "salutes" were fast becoming convicts of the crime of polygamy and unlawful cohabitation, when one by one they began to disappear from the streets, and "skipped over the underground" became the stereotyped reply to any question as to the whereabouts of a missing Mormon. To-day there are thousands of them in hiding, and as they move only in the night time from the shelter of one friend's roof to that of another, it is seldom that a genuine underground is unearthed. Among those now in hiding are Taylor and Cannon and at least half of the quorum of apostles. When the enforcement of the law began Taylor removed from his old home to the presidential mansion—called the Amelia palace in honor of Brigham Young's favorite wife, whom it was built. Not daring to live with one of his younger and illegal wives, and not wanting to associate with his old but lawful wife, Taylor chose to leave them all behind and rule the palace himself. He had not enjoyed this luxurious home long when his frequent visits to a rich English widow excited suspicion, and a warrant was sworn out for his arrest. Getting wind of this he took the favorite route and had ever since remained a fugitive from justice. Several times of late the United States marshal has searched the palace, but to no avail. George Q. Cannon was in Washington fighting for the retention of his seat when he received the news of his legal wife's death. It did not worry him much, as he had not been back many months when he replaced her with the widow of a deceased brother. Having at least one wife in his house at the time, this action on the part of Cannon constituted an open and glaring defiance of the law. He did not wait to be frightened away, but followed closely on Taylor's heels and has been his companion ever since. About two years ago, as will be remembered, Cannon made an attempt to escape from the United States, but was captured in Nevada. The story of his attempt to escape from the officers by jumping from a Central Pacific train, his recapture, his jumping a \$45,000 bond—signed by over confident friends—and his return to the underground, have all been told by telegraph. All attempts to get track of the pair since that time have been vain. Time and again the church offices, the tithing yards and the places of worship have been searched, but the fugitives kept out of the way.

It is stated now upon good authority that the strain upon the feeble mind of old Taylor has been too great and that he is a confirmed imbecile. Whether this be true or not, his life cannot last much longer, and the Mormons must soon again elect their prophet, seer and revelator. Taylor's home, the Amelia palace mentioned above, is now occupied by the numerous children of his various wives. Though the home is one of the most elegant in the west, and is luxuriously furnished, the occupants are in no way fitted to enjoy its advantages. The daughters are plain, overgrown and "darkly unattractive." If any of the sons are handsome, it is not in evidence.

None of them have access to first class Mormon society, even their father's high office failing to give them any social position above mediocrity. Cannon's children are scattered about the territory, and, though some of them have made fair showings for themselves, they are as a class but little above Taylor's.

An interesting event in connection with Cannon's family occurred in the Mormon tabernacle in this city one day last September. John J. Cannon, a son of George Q., who is a young man about 28 years old, had been thrust forward by his ambitious father until he held one of the highest positions in the church. He married a young and beautiful woman, and had lived with her happily for several years, when their relation was brought to a sudden end. One Sunday afternoon in the month above mentioned, young Cannon arose in the pulpit of the tabernacle before a thousand people, and confessed to having been guilty of the crime of adultery. Having immediately excommunicated him from the church, and according to the Mormon belief he will be condemned to an eternal hell. This little incident put a damper upon John Cannon for a while, but he is now as officious as ever, and there is never a communication from the leaders to the people which does not bear his signature.

J. H. BRADLE.

POISON AND CRIME.

An Apparent Epidemic of Cussedness Just Now.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, May 18.

Once more we are in an epidemic of peculiar crimes. The newspapers are spotted all over with accounts of unusual offenses against women and children, of assaults that seem to be utterly without motive, and of murders and mainmains not only causeless but actually hindrance to the objects of the perpetrators.

There is no more crime than there was a few years ago, perhaps, but the crime is so peculiar and unnatural in its character. Another

very noticeable feature of this class of crimes is that they do not occur in the rude or new sections; they are almost always in those communities that boast of the highest culture and the most thickly populated states. There is every year a marked difference between the crime of the south and west and that of the far north and east. The south shoots a man in sudden heat; the west poisons him to death or stabs him in anger or drunkenness; the east poisons him or pushes him from a boat in the night, or silts him for purposes of robbery. In the south you are sometimes in danger from the man you drink or argue with; in the west from the man you ride or gamble with; but in the east the destruction "walketh in darkness." The crime of the south is more bloody and sensational; but that of the east, being the work of "professionals," as a rule, is more sneaking and insidious. For a test, look over the list of all the cruelties perpetrated on women and children this year—how very few of them occurred south of the Ohio or west of the Mississippi.

Is there any connection between these peculiar crimes and the fact that so much of our food and drink is adulterated? Some of our philosophers think there is. They think they can trace a connection between bad beer, bad whisky, bad bread, adulterated sugar or other unnatural food, and unnatural crimes. And it is a melancholy truth that this is the age of adulteration. And the United States is confessedly the worst country in Christendom for this crime.

True, the adulterant mixture is in most cases not a poison, but neither is it food; it is an alien substance, and no matter how neutral in character, it must offend and disgust the digestive system. And the quality of it is nearly all the adulterated foods are such as the poor, and especially the ignorant and children buy. We are told by men who should know that in many of the cheap shops not one article of food is fit to eat.

Akin, one rather hardy friend who keeps a stock of drugs and small groceries how much of his stock he thought was mixed with some cheapening substance, he waved his hand comprehensively around the room and replied:

"Every—thing in the concern except fly poison and Jamaica ginger in the root!"

OBSEVER.

Draining the Milk Cans.

The hundreds of big tin cans which come to the city before daybreak filled with milk and cream are returned to the "milk yards" of the railroads before 10 o'clock each morning. It is the popular impression that the milkman makes a little milk go as far as possible, inasmuch as the fluid often bears prima facie evidence of having been "stretched" by the liberal use of water. There are a certain class of people, however, who have much faith in the milkman. They are the poor women and children who live in the squalid districts lying on either side of the great railroad yards. These "milk yards" every morning as soon as the milkmen have returned to their cans with pitches and paddles the cans of their last drop. Then these thousands of cans the poor people "express" a gallon or more of milk. Who knows but this fluid, thus extracted, is nourishing an embryo statesman!—Chicago Herald.

Fair Daughters of a Colored Sire.

[Minneapolis Journal.]

"In Janesville, Wis., the other day," said a commercial traveler, "I saw on the streets two beautiful young women. Their forms were perfect, their costumes tasteful, their features classic, and their complexion almost immaculate.

"Who are they?" I inquired of the landlord.

"Everybody asks that question," he replied.

"Those girls create somewhat of a sensation every time they appear. They are the belles of the town, and have been recognized by many of the two hundred women in Wisconsin. They are sisters, and their father is a negro, as black as a lamp of Pennsylvania coal."

J. H. CLARK.

A DROUGHT PREVAILED.

Bennie tried to find an open door.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, May 18.

Sunday was a day without precedent in this city—the like of it never was since the Dutch Puritan rule was overthrown, and perhaps never will be again. On all Manhattan Island prohibition was enforced with a vigor and strictness known in any prohibition state; from Harlem to East river, and to the Battery, and from Hudson to East river, and a group of anything intoxicating could be bought by the most talented evader. The reason of this extraordinary rigor lies in one fact. The liquor men were for once in perfect accord with the police, the latter nothing like as anxious to enforce the law as the former were to keep it.

About dark Saturday the signs of a coming drought were apparent in all the public restaurants. Men who never before carried a bottle were getting their flasks filled, and bottled beer was going out of the big cellar by the wagon load. When it was known for a certainty that the hotels would not sell anything next day, even to their regular guests, there was something like a panic.

"Won't you even send a bottle of wine to my room?" asked an English American general.

"Not a drop of anything stronger than apollinaris," was the reply; "better get all you'll need to-night."

"Very well, send up a pint bottle of cocktails, a quart of prime whisky and a little 'go' of brandy. Just send 'em to my room, now."

And it was done.

Sunday I drove to Central park soon after noon, with Hon. John W. Bookwalter, the well known manufacturer of Ohio, and the signs of distress at various places showed that the sudden dryness had caught many unprepared. It seemed to be taken for granted that a newspaper man would certainly know of some place where the trustworthy could refresh; but, for weak or for woe, newspaper men were as ignorant as common people. The universal cry was that not one hotel in the city had sold so much as glass of wine or beer of beer; and police officers pretty nearly confirm it. Verily, it was New York's day for perfect sobriety, the first she has had for sixty years or more, and probably the last she will "suffer" for a century. But the park was at its loveliest—New Yorkers say it is lovelier now than ever before—and the array of fine turnouts as well as of people was the greatest for years. This is perhaps the more remarkable, since some authorities estimate that 50,000 or 100,000 extra excursionists left the city on account of prohibition.

Mr. Bookwalter, after returning early this year from his third extended tour in Italy, Egypt and the far east, has thrown himself into business again with renewed activity, his projections extensive both in his lands in the west as well as further investments. His recent articles on economic subjects, especially on the general decline of prices and danger to the American grain trade, have attracted great attention both here and abroad. At the St. Vincent hotel in the park we met ex-Senator Dorsey with Mr. Duke of the Trusts, and after a careful comparison of notes and a frank discussion of the warts the two public men and two journalists sat down to a bottle of apollinaris water! This settles the fact that prohibition was not a success last Sunday in New York, for when two public men and a traveled millionaire and Senator Dorsey can not find the spirituous, you can safely swear that none was to be had.

J. H. BRADLE.

POISON AND CRIME.

An Apparent Epidemic of Cussedness Just Now.

[Special Correspondence.]

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DAILY AND SUNDAY, per year	9.00
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The Times is the only morning Republican newspaper printed in Los Angeles that owns the exclusive right to publish here the telegraphic "night report" of the Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. Our franchise has recently been renewed for a long term.

JUNIOR MEMBERS, when writing to have their names changed, should also state the former address.

COULD BE SOLICITED from all quarters. Timely local topics and news given the preference. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly, and send real names or the private information of the Editor.

TELEPHONES—Business Office..... No. 29
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Address THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,
TIMES BUILDING,
N.W. cor. First and Fort st., Los Angeles, Cal.

ENTERED AT POSTOFFICE AS 2D-CLASS MATTER

The Times.

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.
ALBERT MC FARLAND,
Vice-Prot. Tres. and Business Manager.
WM. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

REMOVED.

The office of the Times-Mirror Company is removed to the new Times Building, northeast corner of First and Fort streets (first floor)—entrance, for the present on the Fort-street side. Open day and night.

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

Interview with the wife of Kissane.... The London Times says that Fenians have planned a dynamite outrage for the Queen's Jubilee.... Three men lynched in Indiana.... A rich San Franciscan sent to jail for refusing to pay alimony.... \$uts for \$60,000 against the Southern Pacific.... Freight trains wrecked at Florence.... Grain damaged by a storm near Tulare.... Floods in Montana and Idaho.... Examination of Pete Olsen's alleged accomplices.... Reformed Presbyterians in session at Newburgh, N. Y.... Proposed railway from Yuma to Ensenada, Lower California.... Steamer passenger rates on the Pacific reduced.... Fire at Hamburg.... Editor Marriott held for libel.... Charges of corruption made against Secretary Lamar and Commissioner Sparks.... Two prisoners break jail at Hailey, Idaho.... Conflict between Socialists and police in Belgium.... Hall and lightning cause much damage in Nevada.... John Sherman speaks at Springfield, Ill.... Volcanic eruption in Sonora.... Notes from San Jose.... An old man charged with murdering his wife, daughter and grandchildren at Annville, Pa.... Knights of Labor in session at Cincinnati.... The Thistle wins a brilliant victory.... The New Hampshire Legislature elects a Governor.... The death penalty in New Jersey.... A crooked cashier convicted at Peoria, Ill.... The President's vacation.... Yesterday's races.... Base-ball games.... Street railway franchises sold in New York.... The California prune crop.

A "potato train" which started from San Francisco for the East yesterday is the latest wrinkle in the produce shipping line. Los Angeles is also promised a "potato train."

The consolidated debt of Mexico is \$106,045,000, and the "unconverted" debt is nearly \$45,000 additional. Mexico is catching on to the most modern methods very rapidly.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bank of America on June 1st, it was voted to increase the capital stock of the bank by \$1,000,000, and to issue \$1,000,000 of additional capital stock. The new capital stock will be \$1,000,000.

In the person of Thomas Ambrose, San Francisco has a new Mr. Pickwick, though a half-millionaire, will not what he considers an unjust allowance of alimony, and prefers to go to law.

INTEREST FOR the San Francisco Examiner: This month a balloon 150 feet high and 75 feet in diameter will go from St. Louis in the interests of New York World and the St. Louis Dispatch.

The prospects for a honey crop in Northern California this year are said to be absolutely nil. The weather has unpropitious for bee feed, and the workers have had to scratch and gain a bare subsistence. The head of the industrial community will be obliged to eat molasses.

JOHN W. TYLER, the "odorous" San Francisco lawyer, does not propose under the imputation of being a Kansan in disguise, as suggested by Marriott, of the News-Letter.

Out on \$10,000 bonds, and still trying to get reinstated at that he can save legal expenses.

LEGAL SERVICE of the Pacific Coast has curtailed some months ago its insufficient appropriations, reduced to full force and use of this month. What of the San Francisco special service then? Or in its self-imposed public opposition to the matter, we shall know a great deal about the matter, and again become popular again.

GEORGE HEARST has written which makes San Diego clear down to Coronado. Uncle George says he believes Diego's great growth and increasing importance entities Federal building, and he will his power to secure it for her. San Angeles will never throw a in the way of the building.

of these days, when San Diego is going big over it, and wants to go all the way down there facilities and mail, we but firmly decline. We have a postoffice building and two fine harbors.

An announcement made in the local columns of today's Times will be universally hailed in Los Angeles as a piece of good news. It is to the effect that the Young Men's Christian Association has completed negotiations for the purchase of a lot on the west side of Fort street, near the corner of Second, and adjoining the new Witmer Bank building. The lot has a frontage of 70 feet and a depth of 150. It is understood that the price is \$37,000—about \$528 a front foot—and \$5000 of the purchase money has been paid down. The association is obligated to erect within the next 16 months a building not less than 70x150 feet in ground dimensions and four stories high. As an inducement for hurrying the project, a rebate of \$4500 is to be allowed by the seller if the building is completed within a year. The managers of the Young Men's Christian Association evidently know what they are about and have made a contract which looks like business. Such a building will prove an ornament to the city, and the increased advantages which it will give the association in its commendable work will redound to the moral, intellectual and physical good of the community. The general effect of this structure in the midst of the city, to be pointed out as the home of such an organization, will be worth dollars and cents to every owner of real estate. And with this idea in view, even if they were incapable of any higher motive, the well-to-do people of Los Angeles could well afford to put their shoulders to the wheel and roll up the building. They should do this, too, in time to capture the rebate for the association. Here is an instance where a prompt gift is a double gift, and a pretty good investment besides. Enough said. The work is very sure to go forward with a jump.

A Quarter That is Waking Up.

With the establishment of a main depot on the river front, near the foot of First street, and the activity incident to the running of many trains through that quarter daily, the whole section from Alameda street eastward to the river is feeling the pulsations of new life. It is to be voted by the San Francisco Bulletin, "is the source from which the best information can now be obtained on the subject of concrete pavements," and then it proceeds to adduce the following facts, which are of considerable interest to people of Los Angeles just now:

"According to the last annual report of the Commissioners there are 233,47 miles of streets in the city of Washington. Of these, in 1885, 63,90 miles were concrete, 20,73 miles stone blocks, 15,04 miles cobble, 6,87 miles macadam, 1,00 miles gravel, 0,8 miles wood, and 80,16 miles asphalt. The work done by Boss Shepherd was in wood, and that has all been replaced by other pavements, with the exception, as above stated, of 15 miles. Looking over the figures, it is evident that since 1885, stone pavement appears to move forward at one period and concrete at another. This fact is probably referable to change in management. Capt. Griffin, in his report to the Commissioners in relation to the paving of Washington, says: 'The cost of paving is high, so high that it would be better to let the paving to contractors who have experience in the art, and let them do the work.'"

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NEW YORK'S IDEA.

Street Railway Franchises
Sold in Public,

And Gotham Reaps a Rich Harvest
from the Sale.

Greely Talks of Giving a Better
Weather Service to California.

President Cleveland Captures Some Whipping
Troll—The New Hampshire Legislature
Chooses Sawyer Governor—Knights
of Labor in Session—Eastern News.

By Telegraph to The Times.

New York, June 1.—(By the Associated Press.) The first public sale of street railway franchises under the provisions of the Custer Law took place yesterday in the office of Comptroller Loew. The prices obtained were a surprise, especially when compared with the income which the city is deriving from the franchises given away by the side roads. The franchisees disposed of were those of the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth streets cross-town line and the electric line running through Fulton and West streets and connecting the Fulton, Wall, Corliss, and Chambers street ferries. The former sold for 26.2 per cent. of the gross receipts and the latter for 35 per cent. This in each case is in addition to the amount required by law to be paid the city, 2 per cent. a year for the first five years, and 5 per cent. for years thereafter.

WASHINGTON.

A Chance for Army Marksmen to Distinguish Themselves.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—(By the Associated Press.) The lieutenant-general of the army has fixed September 19th next as the date for the beginning of the annual rifle competition between distinguished marksmen of the army. The match will take place at the Bellevue rifle range near Omaha, Neb., and competitors will be selected by department commanders from the army.

LAND SET ASIDE.

By authority of the President Secretary Endicott has set aside 1400 acres of land embraced within the limits of the Wind River or Shoshone Indian Reservation and Military Reservation for the post of Washakie.

A BETTER SIGNAL SERVICE PROMISED.

Gen. Greely, Chief Officer of the Signal Service, in a communication said that after June 1st he hoped to be able to give to the Pacific coast all facilities that were heretofore furnished to farmers and fruit-growers, with quick information about weather possibilities. Gen. Greely is fully aware of the needs of California in this respect, but he says that Congress left him with sufficient funds to maintain a special service during the present year, and he had no discretion but to cut down expenses and keep within the limits of the appropriation. Gen. Greely further said: "California seems to be rather ignored by Congress in the matter of appropriations, and I am afraid the trouble is in her delegation in Congress. It seems to me that if the Pacific coast representatives would make a united stand for such appropriations as the needs of the sections demand, and vote again against everything that is proposed, every other section until their power is felt, that they could get much larger appropriations."

AT SARANAC LAKE.

The President Continues to Prove Himself a Mighty Angler.

PROSPECT HOUSE (N. Y.), June 1.—(By the Associated Press.) The pleasant weather of yesterday gave way last night to strong east winds and heavy clouds with rain this morning, and a heavy mist that settled over all the hills. Outdoor sports were not to be thought of. The President, after a late breakfast, gave himself up to a game of cribbage. The wind changed at noon to southwest and broke up the leaden clouds and soon uncovered strips of blue sky. The President omitted lunch and spent four or five hours trolling. When he came back he brought three large trout, the largest weighing four pounds. Tomorrow will be the anniversary of the White-House wedding of a year ago.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—Fifty-three delegates from Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, Alabama, Kansas, New Mexico, Colorado, Utah, Montana and Indian Territory, met here today in the second session of District Assembly No. 183, Knights of Labor. District Master Bailey of Shawnee presided. The meeting was adjourned, and the session will last several days. Nothing was done today except apportioning committees. The prime object of the meeting will be the redistricting of territory and the eight-hour question, and kindred matters for the benefit of the order will be discussed.

NEW HAMPSHIRE'S NEW GOVERNOR.

CONCORD (N. H.), June 1.—Both branches of the Legislature met in joint convention this afternoon and filled vacancies in the Senatorial districts. The ballots for Governor resulted as follows: Thomas Cowell of Gilmanton (Dem.), 146; Charles H. Sawyer, of Dover (Rep.), 178. Sawyer was declared elected. The inauguration will occur tomorrow.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

Opening of the International Convention at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 1.—(By the Associated Press.) The International Sunday-school Convention assembled today with delegates present from every State and Territory in the Union and from Ontario of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward's Island.

Gen. Clinton B. Fisk, of New Jersey, was chosen temporary presiding officer. Several addresses were made by delegates before the noon adjournment.

At the afternoon and evening session the capacity of the great hall was fully tested by the large attendance.

The report of the Executive Committee submitted for consideration the question of an international Sunday-school convention, include all lands, and to be held in Europe. The report takes a strong stand against the inland traffic.

At the evening session Edward Towers, secretary of the London Sunday-school Union, was introduced, and read resolutions of sympathy and greeting from the London society.

SERIOUS CHARGES.

Lamar and Sparks Accused of Bribery and Corruption.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—(By the Associated Press.) Harry Meyrick, Jr., of Santa Cruz, a United States Deputy Surveyor, has begun suit against the Federal Government to compel the payment of \$5797 which he claims is due him for surveying work during the last two years. He alleges that his bill has been pronounced correct and legitimate by his superiors, but that prompt payment was defeated by United States Land Commissioner Sparks. He accuses Lamar of corruption in office, asserting that his refusal to pay the claim in full arises from personal motives. He alleges further that Sparks, in order to make a plausible justification of his illegal acts, has through the connivance of a special agent "by corrupt and unlawful use of money appropriated for the payment for surveys

and by intimidation, bribery and other unlawful means procured the indictment of certain deputy surveyors on alleged charges of perjury," reference being to proceedings taken in connection with the Benson land fraud.

Steamer Rates Reduced.

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Smash-up at Florence.

FLORENCE, June 1.—As a Los Angeles switch engine was moving a train of 100 empty cars rapidly backwards near this station at 4 a.m., the train broke in two, causing a collision of the two broken sections. Four flats were piled in a heap, and twelve box cars left the track, wrecking the line and track clear for the main San Pedro and Santa Ana trains at 9 o'clock. No one was killed. One brakeman miraculously escaped with a few bruises.

Lower California Progressing.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—G. S. Erb, of Salt Lake City, just returned from Ensenada, Lower California, reports that the Mexican government has granted a franchise and also a sufficient subsidy for the construction of a railroad from Ensenada to Yuma, Ariz. Work on the road will begin at once. A steamship company has arranged for a "pyrotechnic" display in honor of the Queen's Jubilee; in other words a serious dynamite and incendiary outrage is intended. Whether the scheme will succeed, the near future will disclose. It adds: "What knowledge the Parnellists possess of the character and projects of the men who hold such close relations with them we shall not here discuss. Parnell will but to raise his finger to obtain fuller information upon every point that our partial and limited opportunities have rendered possible."

A Change of Base.

ALBUQUERQUE (N. M.), June 1.—[Special.] George L. Sand, superintendent of the Atlantic and Pacific, has resigned to accept the position of general superintendent of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, with headquarters at Topeka, vice D. J. Chase, resigned. Mr. Sand will be succeeded by J. H. Scott, formerly of the Sonora Railroad.

Potatoes Shipped East.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—A potato train of twelve cars left last night for Chicago. The rate made to shippers is \$1 per 100 pounds. The train will make the run in seven days. The greater portion of the shipment is from Southern California. It is stated that a similar train will soon be run from Los Angeles to the East.

THE THISTLE AGAIN.

A Brilliant Victory for the Scotch Yacht—Events on the Race Track—Base-Ball—Other Sports.

By Telegraph to The Times.

LONDON, June 1.—[By Cable and the Associated Press.] The yacht race today over the Royal Thames, fifty miles course, was won by the Thistle, which ran the course in 6 hours. The Irex covered the distance in 6 hours 23 minutes, and the Gesteta in 6 hours 25 minutes. The Thistle achieved a brilliant victory.

A small easterly wind was blowing, at 11:30 a.m., when the yachts started in, the racing off Greenwich. The Thistle, Irex and Sleuth Hound. The latter led the race, was won on a starboard tack, well to windward. The Gesteta gradually drew away, leaving the Irex and Thistle. The Gesteta, after going further down to the reach than the others, came about with a sharp turn, and again led the race, well to windward, and hopped each other for some distance, but coming about again, the Thistle was well away from the Irex, and after that had no more trouble with her. The Sleuth Hound kept her lead, with the Thistle gradually closing the gap, till off Hole Haven, when the Thistle went past. At the Nore she was three-quarters of a mile ahead, and the same distance separated the Gesteta and Irex. At the Mouse hole, the Thistle had closed the gap, and about half a minute ahead of the Irex. Once around they had a straight run home. They started with mainsails, topsails, jibs and forefores, after turning ship shifted the topsails, bigger, smaller, jib, main-sail, and jib topsails, and the Thistle went home with foreforesail. The Sleuth Hound was not timed. This match is considered the first really fast test of the Thistle.

Events on the Race-track.

JEMIMA PARK, June 1.—[By the Associated Press.] The attendance was small and the track muddy. The weather was rather sultry.

Three-quarters of a mile—Panopero won, British second, Ishi Bar third. Time, 1:18½.

One mile—Eurus won, Stonebuck second, Bankrupt third. Time, 1:48.

Mile and a half—Fury—Hypnotis won, Pomeroy second. Lottery third. Time, 2:01½.

Mile and five-sixteenths—Phil Lee won, Enigma second. Only two started. Time, 2:24½.

Seven furlongs—Petcock won, Neptunes second, Young Duke third. Time, 1:34.

Hanoverian—hurdle—mile and one-third. Time, 1:34½.

Mile and a half—Will Davis won, Goldfellow second, Brunova third. Time, 2:44½. Mutuels paid \$5.

LATONIA, June 1.—Owing to the heavy rain last night, the track was again in bad condition. The attendance was good.

For 3½ miles—hurdles—miles and one-third. Henry won, Jessie Marsteller second, Alfred third. Time, 1:38½.

For maidens of all ages, seven furlongs—Governor won, Blue Lines second, Walker third. Time, 1:38.

For little Misses won, Faunt second, Buddy Bow third. Time, 1:46½.

For fillies, 2-year-olds, mile and half long—Grisette won, Hindoo Rose second, Condo third. Time, 1:38.

Latonia cup, all ages, mile and three-quarters—Footloose won, Kalsolai second, O'Fallon third. Time, 3:13½.

THE Oarsmen.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Since the result of the Hanlan-Gaudaur race became known Beach and Hanlan have been besieged with inquiries as to whether the race would take place. The keenest disappointment was felt over the victory of Gaudaur. Responding to urgent inquiries, Beach's stakeholders called on Hanlan's backer asking him to definitely file his suit. No reply has been received. Consequently much uncertainty is felt as to whether the race will take place.

Base-ball.

BALTIMORE, June 1.—Baltimore, 2; Cincinnati, 4.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Athletics, 2; Louisville, 3.

NEW YORK, June 1.—New York, 8; Boston, 3.

Rained by Hail.

NEW ORLEANS, June 1.—A special to the Times-Democrat, from Coffeville, Miss., says: "Almont, a town nine miles east of this place, was visited yesterday by a terrible hailstorm, lasting an hour. Crops in that vicinity, which were unusually promising, were completely destroyed. Roofs of houses were battered in by hailstones which were larger than hen's eggs. Many farmers were completely ruined."

Light for Visalia.

VISALIA, June 1.—The Visalia Gas and Electric Light Company tonight lighted the city with gas. The plant was put in by Simms & Morris, of San Francisco, and is worked in connection with the electric plant. The electric light will be used mostly for street-lighting.

Honey Crop a Failure.

SANTA BARBARA, June 1.—Advice from the Santa Ynez Valley state that the honey crop is a failure this year.

From the San Joaquin Valley state that the temperature is not over 70° and the nights are

FOREIGN FIELDS.

The London "Times" Has a New Sensation.

It Charges That Fenians Are Preparing Another Dynamite Outrage.

The Queen's Jubilee the Time Chosen for Carrying Out the Plot.

Northern Mexico Excited Over a Kampan Volcano

—Belgian Socialists Battling with the Police
—The Political Extravaganza at Paris

Beginning to Abate.

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SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—The

NEIGHBORS.

San Bernardino.

NOT WEATHER NOTES.

BERNARDINO, May 31.—[Courtesy of THE TIMES.] Gas being laid on Third street, between G and H streets, for use of private along the square and in private

the assessment of Pasadena city alone will foot up five millions. A large quantity is to be employed at our door under the new order of railroad matters here.

The corner-stone of the First Congregational Church was laid last Monday afternoon with impressive ceremonies. The church, when completed, will cost nearly \$25,000. The location is very slightly, at the corner of California street and Pasadena avenue.

The Pasadena telephone company is string poles and stretching their all over the city and up to Arrowhead Hot Springs. Their changing one of the wires has caused considerable trouble in getting clear connection between this point and outside.

The San Bernardino Gas Company is likely to lay pipes from Colton to Riverside, starting at San Bernardino and having a line of pipe twenty-five miles in length.

A team was parading around Saturday, much to the amusement of the younger population.

Judge Widney lectured last Monday night on "Ingersoll and His Fallacies," to a large crowd at the Y. M. C. A. rooms for the benefit of the Methodist Church.

Keanan, the colored musician, appeared at the opera-house Wednesday night to a delighted crowd. Thursday night the Edmonds-Cooper Company played the "Two Orphans," Friday night, "Among the Pines," to large and appreciative houses, and Saturday night the Manie Perry-Davis Company rendered a delightful concert to a moderate-sized but appreciative audience. This week the Rosbach Specialty Company will appear, and on the 16th and 17th Lewis Morrison.

The past week has been noted for the heat, as the thermometer has reached over 100 in the shade, and the past two days have been sultry with occasional showers.

Description day was celebrated by most of the stores closing for the day.

A procession paraded the streets in the afternoon, in which the A. M. A. Band, the G. A. R. Post, the Knights of Pythias, the Select Knights, A. O. U. W., the city school and Lindner's Band participated, making in all quite an attractive procession.

At night the G. A. R. Post had a commemoration service at the opera-house, at which an immense audience was present. Speeches, songs, recitations, music and tableaux, formed an interesting programme.

The sudden death of Dr. W. F. Sewer from the taking of an overdose of morphine, is the cause of general regret. He was the leading druggist of the city.

A clew as to the cause, beyond a supposed poisoning of whisky, can be obtained in regard to the death of the Indian found Sunday morning.

"Rustler" visited Arrowhead Hot Springs on Sunday afternoon and found several prominent Los Angeles people registered at that popular resort. The hotel has been newly furnished, the dining-room enlarged, and a new ball-room added to the many attractions of the place. A new lot of mud-baths have also been erected, while the steam and mineral baths are largely patronized. It is safe to say that during the hot season a large number will spend their vacation there. Taken altogether, it is one of the most attractive of all the Southern California resorts.

RUSTLER.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Garbage, Garbage!

A CORRESPONDENT WHO THINKS THERE'S RATHER TOO MUCH OF IT.

LOS ANGELES, June 1.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Not exactly garbage on the brain, but garbage under our noses—too much of it! We are here in your beautiful City of the Angels, fresh from the bleak but cleanly hills of the extreme East, trying to solve the question of how to live plainly, comfortably and in accordance with the laws of health as we understand them.

We find ourselves pupils, notwithstanding we had availed ourselves of every opportunity to inform ourselves in relation to life in Lower California before coming here. We are slowly learning the tricks of trade practiced by our grocers, butchers, bakers and laundrymen, and hope, in time, to be able to master the situation, and enjoy life without more worry and expense than the living worth.

Just now, with the sun pouring down good and strong, the garbage question is the greatest problem.

One day our family—not a small one—have fruit and vegetables prepared for the table, and the accumulation of refuse is a matter over which we are troubled.

Our garbage barrel has a tightly-fitting cover, and is placed in the farther corner of our yard, which is quite as large as our pure permits. Monday the barrel is emptied, and Monday and Tuesday it stands out in the yard a harmless, inoffensive affair. We approach it with quite a degree of comfort and safety. Wednesday the barrel begins to become an object of offense, and you hurry from it. Thursday you lift the cover gradually, and get a sniff of filth that is only a foretaste of what is in store for you. Friday, Saturday and Sunday that barrel stands at you, an object of loathing and fear. We send it elsewhere, and back yard and send them in the street, play send them anywhere away from the pestilential garbage barrel, for we well know the filthy stench is a breeder of malarial, typhoid and diphtheric fevers.

When obliged to open our barrel during the latter days of the week, one must shut the nostrils tightly; the contribution is thrown in at arm's length.

Should you venture to look in, the wriggling mass will be very apt to take away your relish for a good dinner. If there is any way to remedy this condition of things we want to be quickly informed.

AN ATTRACTIVE SPOT FOR CAPITAL WESTMINSTER, June 1.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] Westminster was formerly depressed, because it was just. Just now this constitutes one of the attractions. Large operators

in business have come in, and the town is in full activity, buying and selling.

Ans. Anaheim, Orange, Anaheim, Fullerton, Buena Park, and nearer still, at Garvanza at the map, will be exact at the center, and that is these now preliminary to the interests in our affairs. Spies and the main army occasionally our lines. One of them was tested last week in H. W. forty acres, and was fined the paid, so willingly and a strong desire to be absent from Kansas and stay and took was given to him. So invaders into friends, for

and home-seekers will find now just in the right movement. A large Los Angler, after looking over the hill belt and noted price, the judgment went to the market, and the price, and the market will profitably.

Now eggs now in our period of incubation year, probably. It is all of them will be hatched, as is possible.

R. S.

Root, peach trees are fruit this year, and the surplus. The new railroads are easy access to River-Snaples. The hay crop is in good quality. Milk and cheese. Good and deer. This is our industry, but the movements any accumulation is still abundant and terms are now profitably maintained our close cultivation. The market will profitably, and make stock profitable.

Now eggs now in our period of incubation year, probably. It is all of them will be hatched, as is possible.

R. S.

MATCH OF ITEMS FROM CROWN CITY.

June 1.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The enlarged Times completely, and its patrons extend it, as ever, a hearty old standby, long may she

receives a new birth of joy, as she finds herself on overland line of railroad, a day each way. Wow! Mr. is getting away with the Valley.

are being graded in the addition, and other improvements. The Fourth of July. The ball is rolled, and engaged on the lot, and will be invited to de-

cease, Roy Cottle and all engaged on the lot, and vicinity. The and fifty subdivisions de- tention tend to turn wage deputy gray. It is expected that

all lots intended in Glendale will be advanced

Mr. E. Ward, & Court street.

Now eggs now in our period of incubation year, probably. It is all of them will be hatched, as is possible.

R. S.

W. DAVIS, Insurance Broker, telephone 511. San Francisco.

May 22.

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DOCTORS.

Physicians.

Drs. DOUGHERTY, M.D., F. A. MURPHY, M.D., DR. SEYMOUR & DOUGHERTY.

Cabinet, for the use of rarefied, compressed or medicated air in disease of the lungs, especially for those for the treatment of chronic bronchitis and hydrocephalus treatment of consumption. They are used, in all cases requiring this remedy. Office, No. 218 Spring st. Open from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

DR. J. ADAMS, ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN, 102 Spring st. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Medical Dispensary. Chronic diseases a specialty. Attention given to the treatment of all forms of disease. Office, 102 Spring st. Open from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

DR. M. HOLLOWAY WILLIAMS, 275 N. Main, opposite W. H. Williams & Co's office. Specialty—Head, throat and chest diseases, especially those of the heart and lungs.

MRS. DR. MINNIE WELLS, RESIDENT, 211 Spring st. Office hours, 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. Ladies can rely on being treated with skill and care.

DR. J. H. DAIVISON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office and residence, 225 S. Spring st. Telephone No. 92.

JEAN TIFT HILTON, M.D., OFFICE 102 Spring st. and 122 South Main. Office hours 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

M. H. ALTER, M.D., 41 S. SPRING, rooms 3 and 4, Los Angeles, Cal.

DR. G. L. COLE—304 N. MAIN STREET, opposite postoffice; telephone 603.

DR. JOHN L. DAVIS, 247 S. FORT ST. Hours, 8 to 12 to 4.

DR. N. MIERPONT, OFFICE, 75 MAIN ST.; telephone 281.

Homeopathic Physicians.

S. S. SALISBURY, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST, Office, rooms 11 and 12, Los Angeles Bank building, cor. First and Spring sts.; residence, 102 Spring st. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Telephone No. 677; residence, 277.

A. S. SHORE, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST, Office, 122 N. Main st. Marcell block, opposite First and Spring sts.; residence, 102 Spring st. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Telephone No. 82.

E. T. M. HURLBURT, M.D., SPECIALIST—Diseases of the nerves, skin and lungs and diseases of the heart. Hours: 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Office, 102 Spring st. Telephone 603.

J. MILLS BOAL, M.D., 39 N. SPRING ST. (over People's Store). Hours 10 to 12 to 1 to 7. Residence, 211 Hill st. two doors from Telephone 155.

T. C. KIGER, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST. All unsightly excrescences on the face or other parts removed without pain. Office, 35 Main st.

DOROTHÉA LUMMIS, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST, Office, 102 Spring st. Residence, 97 Main st. Telephone No. 46.

G. F. WHITNEY, M.D., LATE OF Hahnemann Hospital, Chicago, 218 Spring st. Hours 7 to 9, 12 to 5, to 7. Isaac F. Williams, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST, Office, 211 Spring st. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Telephone 41.

ISAAC FELLOWS, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST, Office, 211 Spring st. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Telephone 603.

DR. JULIA F. BUTTON, M.D., OFFICE hours, 1 to 5. Office, 41 S. Spring st.

SPECIALISTS.

DR. WONG, THE WELL-KNOWN AND practiced Chinese physician and surgeon, makes a specialty of all the various diseases of the mouth, head, heart, liver, kidneys, etc. Consultation fees. All are invited to attend. 102 Upper Main st. Telephone 281.

MRS. PARKER, INDEPENDENT STATE-WRITER, 102 Spring st. test medium, gives full names and addresses of persons, cities and towns, names and numbers of business and over half-block from street cars.

No. 147—4½ feet on Upper Main street, 102 Spring st. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Telephone 281.

No. 148—Corridor, 3 room, brick finish, 5½ x 12½; fenced, lawn, flowers, barn, etc., on Corridor street, one block from 102 Spring st. Telephone 281.

No. 151—60x120 foot to a 20-foot front; 3 rooms, 5 rooms, near car line, 102 Spring st. Telephone 281.

No. 152—30x120 foot to a 20-foot front; 3 rooms, 5 rooms, near car line, 102 Spring st. Telephone 281.

No. 153—120x120 foot to a 20-foot front; 3 rooms, 5 rooms, near car line, 102 Spring st. Telephone 281.

No. 154—120x120 foot to a 20-foot front; 3 rooms, 5 rooms, near car line, 102 Spring st. Telephone 281.

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BUSINESS.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
LOS ANGELES, Wednesday, June 1.
There were no changes in the Produce
Exchange call list today.

No contest with having recently con-
cerned Turkish Pynes, the New York
clique is about to try the same game with
the California product. The following dis-
patch explains the situation:

NEW YORK, June 1.—The Commercial-
Advertiser has learned before the poor
prospect for the coming crop of California
Pynes, owing to weather influences. Its
mail advices to hand state that the crop is
pretty generally a failure, and that a syndi-
cate has been formed for the purchase and
control of the season's yield, and that high
prices are likely to rule.

The Chicago ring succeeded in scooping
all the June Wheat. The following tells
the story:

CHICAGO, June 1.—Today being the first
of the month, the opening hour on "Change"
was devoted to the delivery of June Wheat.
The clique houses took nearly all the Wheat
delivered, but they did not get more than
one-tenth of the Wheat at first. All the
2,500 bushels were transferred this
morning, and it is estimated that the clique
houses took in yesterday about 1,500 bushels
in large blocks to avoid the rush
this morning. The clique practically got all
the Wheat.

The stock of wheat at San Francisco and
Port Costa, the principal Pacific coast
warehousing points, June 1st, was 15,000
tons, a decrease of nearly 4000 tons during
May.

Stocks and Bonds.
By Telegraph to The Times.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1. Best & Belcher, 8 1/2% Peaseless..... \$70
C. & C. Co., 8 1/2% Corn..... 80
Consolidated Va. 2 1/2% Ophir..... 125
Confidence..... 8 1/2% Savage..... 125
Gould & Curry, 8 1/2% Glycerine..... 25
Globe & Union Con. 8 1/2% Union Con..... 25
Locomotive..... 4 1/2% Locomotive..... 60
Peer..... 8 1/2% Peer..... 60
Penn Central, 8 1/2% Manhattan, 8 1/2% Locomotive,... 25
Dividend: Consolidated Virginia, 25c.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Bar silver per ounce
30c.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—Silver bars per
cent. discount, 20c/25c.

The Grain Markets.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—Wheat: Firm
and quiet buyer season 8 1/2% white 185;
Red 185; Corn: small ears, 8 1/2%; large yellow,
\$1.18%; Corn: steady; California large yellow,
\$1.17%; small yellow, \$1.17%; white, \$1.17%;
Oats: 8 1/2% Savage; 8 1/2% Ophir; 8 1/2% Confidence;
Gould & Curry, 8 1/2% Glycerine; 25%;
Globe & Union Con., 8 1/2% Union Con., 25%;
Locomotive, 4 1/2% Locomotive, 60;c.
Peer, 8 1/2% Peer, 60;c.
Penn Central, 8 1/2% Manhattan, 8 1/2% Locomotive,... 25
Dividend: Consolidated Virginia, 25c.

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Gould & Curry, 8 1/2% Glycerine; 25%;
Globe & Union Con., 8 1/2% Union Con., 25%;
Locomotive, 4 1/2% Locomotive, 60;c.
Peer, 8 1/2% Peer, 60;c.
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NEW YORK, June 1.—Bar silver per ounce
30c.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—Silver bars per
cent. discount, 20c/25c.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Close. —**Pork:** Un-
changed.

Los Angeles Produce Market.
The following is the official record of the
Los Angeles Produce Market for the day
of the 1st inst. In the quotations, unless otherwise
stated, it is to be understood that the first
figure is the highest price bid and the last
the round lots from first hands; for small lots
of store higher prices are asked.

MEAT.—Afalfa, new, 10c per lb. asked.

BAY.—Barley, No. 1, 8c per lb. 50¢ asked;

BEANS AND DRIED PEAS.—Pink, No. 1
new crop, 15¢ asked; Navy, small, 12¢ asked;

CORN.—Large, yellow, car-load lots, \$1.12
asked; small, yellow, — asked; white,
— asked.

SEED.—Afalfa, new, 10c per lb. asked.

HAY.—Barley, No. 1, 8c per lb. 50¢ asked;

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STRANGE CASE.

ADVENTURESS REVERSES THE USUAL ORDER.
She Makes Herself Appear Old—The Peculiar Pranks She Has Been Playing—How Some Charitable Ladies Were Sold.

A few days ago a well-dressed lady who seemed to be about 55 years of age was found wandering about the streets by one of the police officers. She was taken to the police station, and it was believed that she was crazy from her actions. She was sent to the County Jail and was kindly treated by the jailer and his wife. She gave her name as Mrs. Gray and said she came in that day from Summer. Her hair is as white as snow, and to see her on the streets one would think she was an old Christian grandmother. She seemed to be very pious, and after this Times had mentioned her condition several benevolent ladies called at the jail, and when they found that she had not been committed, but was sent there by Justice Austin, because he did not know what to do with her, they took her out to get employment. One of the ladies took her to a seemingly old woman to her house and kept her for a few days, or until she found a good place for her to work. Mrs. Gray then rented a room at No. 219 West Fort street, and for ten days the benevolent ladies thought the old dame was doing well. When she first went to the Fort street house the landlady, Mrs. Bird, and the boarders were positive that she was some minister's widow, and they treated her with great courtesy. In speaking of the matter to Times reporter yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Bird stated that they were almost afraid to use slang for fear it would go harshly on the good woman's ears. Even the children had heard about the house of tip-toe, and Grandma Thompson, a former schoolteacher, exchanged her name as soon as she got out of jail was treated with the greatest possible consideration. Mrs. Thompson was to go to the right place, she was afraid to sleep in her room alone, so Mrs. Bird out of the kindness of her heart, allowed the old woman to share her bed. She did not repeat the kindness, however, for she made a discovery when Mrs. Thompson was to go to the right place. She found that her "grandma" face was wrinkled and her hair perfectly white, her beauty showed that she was a very young woman. The afternoon after this discovery was made, several others followed in quick succession. A young dry goods clerk, who occupied a room in the front wing of the house, was surprised to learn that a woman was asleep in his bed. He was in a very excited frame of mind when he informed his friend of his trouble, and they went to the room to see the mystery. The landlady was paralyzed with astonishment when she found that her Christian-appearing boarder had taken a mortgage on the young clerk's bed. Not only that, but she had embezzled four or five thousand dollars from the house to pay to awaken her, they found that she was in a恍惚 state of intoxication. She was almost carried to her room, but she would not remain there, and from that day until she was driven from the house (she left yesterday) the boarders were in the habit of keeping liquor in their rooms to keep their doors locked, for it seems that the poor-looking woman, with gray hair, could smell whisky, beer or wine several blocks.

"If this is such a young woman, how do you account for her gray hair?" asked the reporter.
"Why, it is bleached. She is made up to look old." The woman called yesterday on several of the charitable ladies, who interested themselves in her case, but they had no money to give, so she would not have to gather their houses.

THE TALK.
General Manager Interviewed.
Manager A. N. Towne, of the Pacific Railroad Company, was a guest reporter in his special car late last night.
Mr. Towne, "I shall have meetings with the committee of citizens to be appointed to confer regard to a new depot. I am not sure the outcome will not only be for the city, but to us also. We are going to deliberate and they are very kind and seem to do what is right. In regard to the people I wish to say that we are very best of terms. I did not know our contract had run out with them, but I am sure that they are anxious to run another. No! I am not here in the people of the southern portion of the state, altogether, although I have a good deal for them. I shall be able to talk plainer before I go."

HONEY.
Set of Short Crop This Year.
A short crop was received by nearly this morning.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—[Special]—Right & Lemke, leading honey-bee experts, say that reports are confirmed of dry weather flowers yielded much honey this season, and is feared. Late season is expected, probably three or four months earlier than usual.

TIMBER THEFT.
An Alleged Offender Held in \$250 Bail for Trial.
Antonio Spencer was examined before United States Commissioner Van Dyke, yesterday, for cutting timber on Government land in San Diego county. The testimony went to show that Spencer not only cut timber, but put up a sawmill, and was having a fine time getting away with Uncle Sam's timber when Deputy United States Marshal Tom Hayes pounced down on him, and placed him under arrest. The defendant was held to appear before the United States Commissioner, at the next term, with bail fixed at \$250. He gave bail and returned to Mr. Watson's Hotel for Stay Girls.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.
The Alhambra and Ramona Street Railroads.
Yesterday the Alhambra and Ramona Street Railway Company filed articles of incorporation. The object is to build and operate a street railway, to be run by horses, steam or electricity from the San Gabriel River along the line of Short avenue and Bradbury street to the point where the river meets the San Gabriel, a distance of two miles. The principal place of business is at Alhambra. The directors are A. Phillips, A. C. Weeks, J. DeBarth Shorb, E. L. Walke and H. W. Stanton. The capital stock is \$100,000, of which \$2500 is actually subscribed.

INDIO IN LUCK.
Big Water Strike in the Desert Reported.
Word was brought to this city last night that a big flow of water has been struck at Indio wells. The Southern Pacific people have been boring an artesian well at that place for some time past, and when they had given up all hope of getting water, it was reported at the new depth last night that they had struck a flow of water which will irrigate the whole country around the station.

Pugilistic Boys.
At 6 o'clock last evening a bloody fight took place on Court and Hope streets, between Roy Stevenson and George Dotter, two youngsters who have not yet arrived at man's estate. In fact, neither one of them is over 12 years of age. The little fellows were playing ball with a number of other boys, when they got to quarreling. George grabbed a stone and made a rush at Roy. The two boys clinched and George got his opponent around the neck and proceeded to pull him over the heads with the rock until the blood ran down to his feet. The injured boy was taken to the police station, but Justice Austin has gone home and nothing could be done, but a complaint will probably be sworn out for George today. The boy's head was in a frightful condition, and the chances are that he will be laid up for several weeks.

With Open Arms.
A very enthusiastic meeting of the prominent citizens of Downey assembled in the City Hall of Downey, last evening, and appointed a committee to confer with the directors of the Pasadena and Long Beach Railroad Company, and to discuss the location of the road's depot with relation to Downey, and to ascertain the cost of the same. The committee would be given the task of finding a suitable ground, etc. The committee appointed were E. G. Greening, J. W. Johnson, M. J. Crawford, H. M. Sales and A. J. Farnsworth.

Deadly Bangs.

He looked as if he had been

two chops with a dull

iron last night by Officer

and fighting.

WHY HE DIED.

Evidence at the Inquest on J. F. Graham, Deceased.
An inquest was held yesterday afternoon on the body of the man who shot himself in Second-street Park, Tuesday evening. Coroner Meredith summoned a jury, and the following facts were placed before it:

J. F. Young, manager of the Grand Central Hotel, testified that J. F. Graham registered at that hotel on May 29th and was given a room. Witness understood that he was manager of the eating-houses of Stadpole & Lincoln on the Southern Pacific Railroad. He never appeared despondent, but did not talk much. Tuesday morning he said he would not want his room any longer, as he was going away. When he spoke to him he said that he had shot himself Tuesday evening, he examined the valve of deceased and found the following letter, supposed to have been written by him. It bears no date, address or signature. It reads: "My dear friends, I am now a nobody, I have no friends, home or money. I regret owing you four days' board, but there is nothing in my valise of value, I make a dying request that it be sent to Mrs. S. N. Graham, Ogden, Utah."

In the valise was a request to the same effect:

F. Fields sworn: Said that he was superintendent of the Second-street Park. Had noticed deceased in the park for a week back and saw him enter Tuesday evening. He spoke to him, but when he spoke to him deceased did not answer. Soon after heard a pistol-shot, and going to the platform, found the man lying on his back with a pistol close to his right hand and took charge of his body.

A letter was found from Stadelman & Lincoln, dated May 23rd, addressed to J. F. Graham, acknowledging the receipt of a letter and money from him, saying that he had straightened matters there, and if deceased needed their aid at any time it would be chearfully given.

On the evidence adduced, a jury, composed of C. S. True, C. S. Parsons, Willard P. Treadwell, J. R. Miller, William Hillier and J. H. Schumacher, found that J. F. Graham, about 50 years of age, came to his death from a pistol-shot, inflicted by himself, with intent to commit suicide.

Manager R. R. Haines received the following telegram yesterday:

"ODGEN, June 1, 1887.—Please wire me particulars of J. F. Graham's death and inquest; will wire you when we answer you." E. H. GRAHAM.

H. Graham is an employe of the Western Union Telegraph Company at Ogden.

CONSTABLE VS. "COP."

Another Projected Benefit for Girls' Home.

The constables and police officers have taken a great deal of interest in Mrs. Watson's "Home for Girls," and in order to show their appreciation of her efforts they have decided to give her a little substantial aid in the form of coin of the realm. Constable Ed Smith has had the matter in hand and has arranged for a game of base-ball between the constables and police. That is the best players are to be picked from each and two nine will be formed. The following formal challenge was issued yesterday by the constables:

"We, the constables of Los Angeles county, do hereby challenge the members of the Los Angeles Police force to a game of base-ball to be played on Saturday, June 11, 1887, at 2 o'clock p.m., at the Sixth street base-ball grounds of this city. All the proceeds to said game to be donated to the Home for Girls.

CONSTABLES OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY.

THAT BALL GAME.

The Beneficiaries vs. the Bachelors Already Looming.

Several young ladies of the city are taking quite an interest in the game of base-ball to take place Saturday afternoon next between the married and unmarried men. The colors to be worn are red and white for the unmarried club. The ladies will note this and dress to the colors of their favorites. The grand-stand will be reserved for the ladies and their escorts. If the ladies would volunteer to canvas and sell tickets for this very occasion, no doubt a fine handsome sum of money could be raised.

Any wishing tickets to sell should call on R. J. Barker, No. 8½ North Spring street, room 1, upstairs. Saturday afternoon should be ladies' day, as it is in the East and San Francisco, and for this good cause they will have a bonanza.

Those who are anxious to run around.

"No! I am not here in the people of the southern portion of the state, altogether, although I have a good deal for them. I shall be able to talk plainer before I go."

THE LEADING.

Mr. D. O. Mills is the principal stockholder in the company, has just arrived from New York, and as he will remain on the coast for several months, the market will doubtless receive early consideration the hands of himself and associates.

Our President, Mr. H. M. Yerington, goes to San Francisco this evening, and will hand your communication to Mr. Mills for his consideration. Very truly yours,

D. A. BENDER, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

CARSON, Esq., Secretary of Trade, Los Angeles, California.

You are requested to meet the 29th inst. will say that I hope to be able to give you some additional information as to the extension of the Carson and Colorado Railroad southward within a short time.

The latest Eastern craze, the new seaside Jersey, will be leading goods in striped or check, something very nobby and entirely new, at \$2.50 each. These goods to be had only from

100 doz. all-wool, coat-back Jersey, for..... \$1.00 each

Percale all-wool, coat-back, tailored Jersey, in black, navy, slate-green, cardinal and tan, for..... \$1.50 each

SPECIAL.

The latest Eastern craze, the new seaside Jersey, will be leading goods in striped or check, something very nobby and entirely new, at \$2.50 each. These goods to be had only from

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H. MOSGROVE & CO.

CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION

To their new spring stock of READY-MADE Wash Suits, at remarkably low prices.

White Lawn Suits for..... \$3.50

White Embroidered Wash Suits for..... \$5.00

Percale Suits for..... \$2.50

Cambrie Suits for..... \$5.00

Sateen Suits for..... \$7.50 to \$10.00

JERSEYS!

Just opened, our new spring stock of Jersey, at unusually low prices.

100 doz. all-wool, coat-back Jersey, for..... \$1.00 each

Percale all-wool, coat-back, tailored Jersey, in black, navy, slate-green, cardinal and tan, for..... \$1.50 each

SPECIAL.

The latest Eastern craze, the new seaside Jersey, will be leading goods in striped or check, something very nobby and entirely new, at \$2.50 each. These goods to be had only from

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H. MOSGROVE & CO.,

THE LEADING

Cloak and Suit House,

21 South Spring Street,

Adjoining the Nadeau Hotel.

Room 3, No. 10 Court Street,

Los Angeles.

Furnishing Goods.

CATARRH!

THROAT DISEASES, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA,

CONSUMPTION,

TOGETHER WITH DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR AND HEART,

SUCCESSFULLY TREATED BY

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.D.

M. C. P. S. O.

No. 275 North Main Street,

A few doors south of the new postoffice, Los Angeles, Cal.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

This has been demonstrated in thousands of cases treated by

DR. WILLIAMS,

With his new system of Medicated Inhalations combined with proper constitutional remedies for the liver, stomach, blood, etc.

Frank Ayres plead not guilty to the charge of murdering Baby Bunting Cowies.

JUSTICE AUSTIN.

John Simpson, up for battery, was dismissed.

The case of Mr. and Mrs. Rozelle, the vitriol winds, was continued to June 4th, at 10 a.m.

The case of Charles J. Morrison, for battery, was set for June 7th, at 10 a.m.

THE COURTS.

In Judge Cheney's court yesterday William Moon was sentenced to eighteen months in San Quentin.

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EAGLESON'S

WHITE AND FANCY

SHIRTS!

UNDERWEAR!

—IN—

BALBRIGGAN, LISLE,

CASHMERE, SILK,

MERINO, ETC.

Traveling Shirts,

Hosiery, Neckwear.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. M. MINARD-SUPPLE,

The Leading Dressmaker of Los Angeles, formerly cutter and fitter in the Parisian Suit Room, now in business for herself, 100 Spring street, Los Angeles, Calif.